EXHIBIT 1

TO PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY: PLEASE CIRCLE TYPE OF ACTION INVOLVED: TORT - MOTOR VEHICLE TORT - CONTRACT - EQUITABLE RELIEF - OTHER

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

HAMPDEN, ss	SUPERIOR COURT
. V.	DEPARTMENT OF THE TRIAL COURT
LX7	CIVIL ACTION NO. 21-00125
;	A 15m Copy Althoras
EGAN, FLANAGAN AND COHEN, P.C.	PLAINTIFF(S) SUMMONS 3/12/21
V. THE HARTFORD d/b/a TWIN CITY FIRE INSU	FRANCE COMPANY and SUMMONS 3/12/21
CHASE, CLARKE, STEWART & FONTANA	, DEFENDANT(S)
lisa M. Clewes, Registered Agent Chase, Clarke, Stewart & Fontana, 101 St	-
To the above named defendant:	
You are hereby summoned and required to plaintiff's attorney, whose address is 67 Market	John J. Egan, Esq. & Michael G. McDono o serve upon <u>Esq./Egan, Flanagan and Cohen, P.C.</u> , t St.,P.O. Box 9035, Springfield, MA 01102-9035,

You are hereby summoned and required to serve upon Esq./Egan, Flanagan and Cohen, P.C., plaintiff's attorney, whose address is 67 Market St., P.O. Box 9035, Springfield, MA 01102-9035, an answer to the complaint which is herewith served upon you, within 20 days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of service. If you fail to do so, judgment by default will be taken against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You are also required to file your answer to the complaint in the office of the Clerk of this court at Springfield either before service upon the plaintiff's attorney or within a reasonable time thereafter.

Unless otherwise provided by rule 13(a), your answer must state as a counterclaim any claim which you may have against the plaintiff which arises out of the transaction or occurrence that is the subject matter of the plaintiff's claim or you will thereafter be barred from making such claim in any other action.

Witness, Judith Fabricant, Esq., at Springfield the 10th day of March in the year of our Lord two thousand twenty-one.

Laura S. Gentile, Esquire CLERK OF COURTS

NOTES:

1. This summons is issued pursuant to Rule 4 of the Massachusetts Rules of Civil Procedure

2. When more than one defendant is involved, the names of all such defendants should appear in the caption. If a separate summons is used for each defendant, each should be addressed to the particular defendant.

PROOF OF SERVICE OF PROCESS

			<i>:</i>			:	
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Pated:	OCESS SER		, 20				

CIVIL TRACKING ORDER (STANDING ORDER 1-88)	DOCKET NUMBER 2179CV00125	Trial Court of Massachusetts The Superior Court	Ŵ
CASE NAME: Egan, Flanagan and Cohen, P.C. vs. The Hartford Doing Business as Twin City Fire Insurance Company		Laura S Gentile, Clerk of Courts	
To: John J Egan, Esq. Egan, Flanagan and Cohen, PC 67 Market St Springfield, MA 01103		COURT NAME & ADDRESS Hampden County Superior Court Hall of Justice - 50 State Street P.O. Box 559 Springfield, MA 01102	

TRACKING ORDER - A - Average

You are hereby notified that this case is on the track referenced above as per Superior Court Standing Order 1-88. The order requires that the various stages of litigation described below must be completed not later than the deadlines indicated.

STAGES OF LITIGATION

DEADLINE

	SERVED BY	FILED BY	HEARD BY
Service of process made and return filed with the Court		06/07/2021	
Response to the complaint filed (also see MRCP 12)		07/07/2021	4
All motions under MRCP 12, 19, and 20	07/07/2021	08/06/2021	09/07/2021
All motions under MRCP 15	05/03/2022	06/02/2022	06/02/2022
All discovery requests and depositions served and non-expert depositions completed	02/27/2023		
All motions under MRCP 56	03/29/2023	04/28/2023	
Final pre-trial conference held and/or firm trial date set			08/28/2023
Case shall be resolved and judgment shall issue by			03/08/2024

The final pre-trial deadline is <u>not the scheduled date of the conference</u>. You will be notified of that date at a later time. Counsel for plaintiff must serve this tracking order on defendant before the deadline for filing return of service. This case is assigned to

DATE ISSUED	ASSISTANT CLERK	PHONE
03/10/2021	Edward Partyka	(413)735-6016

CIVIL ACTION COVER SHEET	DOCKET NUMBER 21-00125		Trial Court of Massachusetts The Superior Court
PLAINTIFF(S): Egan, Flanagan and Cohen, P.	C		COUNTY
ADDRESS: 67 Market Street, P.O. Box 903	5		HAMPDEN
Springfield, MA 01102-9035		DEFENDANT(S):	The Hartford d/b/a Twin City Fire Insurance Company
			e, Stewart & Fontana
ATTORNEY: John J. Egan, Esq. and Michael	G. McDonough, Esq.		
ADDRESS: Egan, Flanagan and Cohen, P.0	D	ADDRESS:	
67 Market Street, P.O. Box 9035		-	
Springfield, MA 01102-9035			
BBO: Egan's BBO #151680; McDonou	igh's BBO #682128		
	OF ACTION AND TRACK	DESIGNATION (see	reverse side)
CODE NO. TYPE OF A	ACTION (specify)	TRACK	HAS A JURY CLAIM BEEN MADE?
ff "Other" please describe:			
Total hospital expenses	eal expenses		\$\$ \$\$ Subtotal (A): \$\$
Briefly describe plaintiff's injury, including the natur	e and extent of injury:		
			TOTAL (A-F):\$
	CONTRACT (attach additional shee		
ovide a detailed description of claims(s):		,,	
ailure to provide defense and inde efense and as yet undetermined a gnature of Attorney/Pro Se Plaintiff: X	mnification under ar mount of indemnity.	n insurance po	
LATED ACTIONS: Please provide the case i	number, case name, and	county of any relate	Date: 3/9/21
	January, and the		за асполо репину ил тне опредот Соцт.
ereby certify that I have complied with require	i information about court-d	preme Judicial Cou connected dispute	1:18 Irt Uniform Rules on Dispute Resolution (SJC resolution services and discuss with them the
nature of Attorney of Record: X	alif 1		Date: 3/9/21

CIVIL ACTION COVER SHEET INSTRUCTIONS SELECT CATEGORY THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR CASE

AC Actions Involving the State/Municipality	<u>ER Equitable Remedies</u>	RP Real Property
AA1 Contract Action involving Commonwealth,	D04 Specific Deformance of a Control	
Municipality, MBTA, etc. (A	D01 Specific Performance of a Contract D02 Reach and Apply	(A) C01 Land Taking (F)
AB1 Tortious Action involving Commonwealth,	D03 Injunction	(F) C02 Zoning Appeal, G.L. c. 40A (F)
Municipality, MBTA, etc. (A		(F) C03 Dispute Concerning Title (F) C04 Foreclosure of a Mortgage (X)
AC1 Real Property Action involving	005 Equitable Replayin	(5)
Commonwealth, Municipality, MBTA etc. (A) D06 Contribution or Indemnification	:_:
AD1 Equity Action involving Commonwealth.	D07 Imposition of a Trust	(F) C99 Other Real Property Action (F)
Municipality, MBTA, etc. (A) D08 Minority Shareholder's Suit	(A) MC Miscellaneous Civil Actions
AE1 Administrative Action involving	D09 Interference in Contractual Relationship	(F)
Commonwealth, Municipality, MBTA,etc. (A) D10 Accounting	(A) E18 Foreign Discovery Proceeding (X)
ON Control University	D11 Enforcement of Restrictive Covenant	(F) E97 Prisoner Habeas Corpus (X)
CN Contract/Business Cases	D12 Dissolution of a Partnership	(F) E22 Lottery Assignment, G.L. c. 10 828 (X)
A01 Services, Labor, and Materials (F)	D13 Declaratory Judgment, G.L. c.231A	(A)
A01 Services, Labor, and Materials (F) A02 Goods Sold and Delivered (F)		(F) AB Abuse/Harassment Prevention
A03 Commercial Paper (F)	D99 Other Equity Action	(F)
A04 Employment Contract (F)		E15 Abuse Prevention Petition, G.L. c. 209A (X)
A06 Insurance Contract (F)	PA Civil Actions Involving Incarcerated P	arty † E21 Protection from Harassment, G.L. c. 258E(X)
A08 Sale or Lease of Real Estate (F)		AA Adminintrative Ct. II A
A12 Construction Dispute (A)	PAT Contract Action involving an	AA Administrative Civil Actions
A14 Interpleader (F)	Incarcerated Party	(A) E02 Appeal from Administrative Agency,
BA1 Governance, Conduct, Internal	PB1 Tortious Action involving an	G L a 304
Affairs of Entities (A)	Incarcerated Party	(A) G.L. c. 30A (X) E03 Certiorari Action, G.L. c.249 §4 (X)
BA3 Liability of Shareholders, Directors,	PC1 Real Property Action involving an Incarcerated Party	(C) E05 Confirmation of Arbitration Awards (X)
Officers, Partners, etc. (A)	PD1 Equity Action involving an	(F) E05 Confirmation of Arbitration Awards (X) E06 Mass Antitrust Act, G. L. c. 93 §9 (A) (F) E07 Mass Antitrust Act, G. L. c. 93 §8 (X)
BB1 Shareholder Derivative (A)	Incorporated Dest.	(E) E07 Mass Antitrust Act, G. L. c. 93 §8 (X)
BB2 Securities Transactions (A) BC1 Mergers, Consolidations, Sales of	PE1 Administrative Action involving an	Y) EUS Appointment of a Receiver (X)
Assets, Issuance of Debt, Equity, etc. (A)	Incarcerated Party	(F) E09 Construction Surety Bond, G.L. c. 149
BD1 Intellectual Property (A)		9929, 29A (A)
BD2 Proprietary Information or Trade	TR Torts	E10 Summary Process Appeal (X) E11 Worker's Compensation (X)
Secrets (A)	_	E11 Worker's Compensation (X)
BG1 Financial Institutions/Funds (A)	B03 Motor Vehicle Negligence - Personal	E16 Auto Surcharge Appeal (X) (E) E17 Civil Rights Act, G.L. c.12 §11H (A)
BH1 Violation of Antitrust or Trade	Injury/Property Damage	(F) E17 Civil Rights Act, G.L. c.12 §11H (A) E24 Appeal from District Court
Regulation Laws (A)	B04 Other Negligence - Personal	Commitment G L a 123 SO(b)
A99 Other Contract/Business Action - Specify (F)	Injury/Property Damage B05 Products Liability	F25 Pleural Pagistay (Ashantas anna)
	B06 Malpractice - Medical / Wrongful Death	(C) E94 Forfeiture C L c265 656
	B07 Malpractice - Medical / Wrongful Death	(A) E95 Forfoiture C1 a 94C 847
* Choose this case type if ANY party is the	B08 Wrongful Death, G.L. c.229 §2A	E99 Other Administrative Action (X)
Commonwealth, a municipality, the MBTA, or any	B15 Defamation	Δ΄ 201 Medical Malpractice - Tribunal only,
other governmental entity UNLESS your case is a	B19 Asbestos	(A) G.L. C. 231 900B (F)
case type listed under Administrative Civil Actions	B20 Personal Injury - Slip & Fall	(F) Z02 Appeal Bond Denial (X)
(AA).	B21 Environmental	(F)
	B22 Employment Discrimination	(F) <u>SO Sex Offender Review</u>
† Choose this case type if ANY party is an	BE1 Fraud, Business Torts, etc.	(A) E12 SDP Commitment, G.L. c. 123A §12 (X)
incarcerated party, UNLESS your case is a case	B99 Other Tortlous Action	(F) E12 SDP Commitment, G.L. c. 123A §12 (X) E14 SDP Petition, G.L. c. 123A §9(b) (X)
type listed under Administrative Civil Actions (AA)		214 ODI 1 CHILON, G.C. C. 125A 99(D) (A)
or is a Prisoner Habeas Corpus case (E97).		RC Restricted Civil Actions
		E19 Sex Offender Registry, G.L. c.6 §178M (X)
		E27 Minor Seeking Consent, G.L. c.112 §12S (X)
	TRANSFER YOUR SELECTION TO THE FAC	DE SHEET
EXAMPLE:		
CODE NO. TYPE OF	ACTION (specify) TRACK	HAS A JURY CLAIM BEEN MADE?
D00		_
B03 Motor Vehicle Negli	gence-Personal Injury <u> </u>	YES NO

STATEMENT OF DAMAGES PURSUANT TO G.L. c. 212, § 3A

DUTY OF THE PLAINTIFF - The plaintiff shall set forth, on the face of the civil action cover sheet (or attach additional sheets as necessary), a statement specifying the facts on which the plaintiff relies to determine money damages. A copy of such civil action cover sheet, including the statement as to the damages, shall be served with the complaint. A clerk-magistrate shall not accept for filing a complaint, except as otherwise provided by law, unless it is accompanied by such a statement signed by the attorney or pro se party.

DUTY OF THE DEFENDANT - If the defendant believes that the statement of damages filed by the plaintiff is inadequate, the defendant may file with his/her answer a statement specifying the potential damages which may result if the plaintiff prevails.

A CIVIL COVER SHEET MUST BE FILED WITH EACH COMPLAINT.
FAILURE TO COMPLETE THIS COVER SHEET THOROUGHLY AND ACCURATELY
MAY RESULT IN DISMISSAL OF THIS ACTION.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF THE TRIAL COURT

HAMPDEN, SS.

SUPERIOR COURT

EGAN, FLANAGAN AND COHEN, P.C.,

PLAINTIFF

VS.

CIVIL ACTION No. 21-00125

THE HARTFORD D/B/A TWIN CITY FIRE
INSURANCE COMPANY AND
CHASE, CLARKE, STEWART & FONTANA,
DEFENDANTS

PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This Complaint seeks a determination of the coverages, obligations, and duties of the defendant and its constituent entities under a "Commercial General Liability Policy" (hereinafter the "Policy") issued by the defendant (hereinafter "The Hartford" or the "defendant") through Twin City Fire Insurance Company and numbered 08 SBA AA1751 with effective dates of October 17, 2019 through October 17, 2020.
- 2. The plaintiff submitted a claim under said Policy for a defense and indemnification as a result of an arbitration claim asserted by its former employee and shareholder Joseph A. Pacella, presently of Saco, Maine.

THE PARTIES

3. The plaintiff, Egan, Flanagan and Cohen, P.C., at all times pertinent hereto was and is located at 67 Market Street in Springfield, Hampden County, Massachusetts (hereinafter the "plaintiff").

- 4. The defendant, The Hartford d/b/a Twin City Fire Insurance Company, is an insurance company with a principal place of business at 100 High Street, Boston, Massachusetts, which sells and administers, *inter alia*, comprehensive general liability policies throughout the Commonwealth of Massachusetts directly, through constituent entities, and other agents (hereinafter "The Hartford" or the "defendant").
- 5. The defendant, Chase, Clarke, Stewart & Fontana, is an agent of the defendant, The Hartford, with a principal office located at 101 State Street, Springfield, Massachusetts.

FACTS

- 6. In this matter, the defendant, The Hartford, sold to the plaintiff, through its agent and codefendant, Chase Clark & Stewart, located at 101 State Street, Springfield, Hampden County, Massachusetts, the Policy upon which these claims are based.
- 7. The Policy upon which this action is based carries Policy Number 08 SBA AA1751 with effective dates of October 17, 2019 through October 17, 2020. The Policy provides Primary Coverage limits and Employee Benefits Liability limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence with an aggregate limit of \$2,000,000. The pertinent Policy forms issued by the defendant are its Business Liability Coverage Form (SS0080405); its Business Liability Coverage Form Amendatory Endorsement (SS00600915); and its Employee Benefits Liability Occurrence (SS40501008). See Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof.
- 8. On February 18, 2020, Joseph A. Pacella (hereinafter "Pacella") notified his partners in the plaintiff that he was retiring as of March 31, 2020. In his retirement letter, Pacella set forth a series of requests for benefits he claimed he was entitled to and proposed a series

- of conditions under which he would continue to be associated with the firm postretirement.
- 9. At the time of Pacella's notice to the plaintiff, it was concluding a deferred compensation agreement with one previously retired partner and had already agreed to a deferred compensation agreement with another partner whose notice of retirement was received before Pacella's and to whom the plaintiff had committed deferred compensation for its fiscal year 2021 (April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021).
- 10. Pacella had provided no prior notification that he intended to retire.
- 11. During the month of March 2020, the plaintiff was preparing to close out its fiscal year and the COVID-19 virus began to significantly impact the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, its court system, and consequently the revenues of the plaintiff.
- 12. The plaintiff's revenues are, to a large degree, the consequence of its litigation practice.
- 13. In order to ensure it would not be required to lay off any employees, the partners in the plaintiff in April 2020 took substantial pay deferrals and initiated other cost-saving measures.
- 14. By virtue of its pay deferrals and other cost-saving measures, the plaintiff was able to maintain full employment even though its offices were closed from March 16, 2020 to June 1, 2020, and employees were offered remote working opportunities.
- 15. The plaintiff responded to Pacella's retirement letter by accepting his retirement, paying him on schedule his contributed capital, offering him his whole life insurance policies in exchange for its cash surrender value, and the agreed-to price for his shares.
- 16. Pacella has accepted the payment for his shares, his capital repayment, and declined to purchase his life insurance policies.

- 17. The plaintiff informed Pacella that, for a variety of reasons, it could not agree to other future terms he sought in his retirement letter.
- 18. Pacella declined the plaintiff's suggestion that, due to the economic times and the fact that it had already obligated itself to one year of deferred compensation to a prior retiring partner, it defer any decision on his deferred compensation for a year.
- 19. Pacella insisted the firm decide his deferred compensation in April of 2020 but agreed to defer payment to April 2021 if the firm would immediately pay him the cash surrender value of his life insurance.
- 20. The plaintiff declined to set the deferred compensation in April 2020 in large part because the "financial condition" of the plaintiff, which was an enumerated factor in the agreement's language under deferred compensation, would not be known until April 2021 and the plaintiff could not commit to any amount of deferred compensation until it had all the facts necessary to make a responsible decision.
- 21. Pacella was at all times pertinent to this matter an employee of the plaintiff and a shareholder in plaintiff.
- 22. Pacella sought deferred compensation in the amount of \$210,000.
- 23. On June 10, 2020, Pacella filed a demand for arbitration with the American Arbitration Association.
- 24. Plaintiff, on September 4, 2020, noticed the defendant, Chase, Clarke, Stewart & Fontana, requesting a defense and indemnification under the Policy referenced above.
 See Exhibit B which is attached hereto, incorporated herein, and made a part hereof.

- 25. Thereafter, on October 6, 2020, the defendant denied coverage for either a defense or indemnification to plaintiff. See **Exhibit C** which is attached hereto, incorporated herein, and made a part hereof.
- 26. Thereafter, on October 7, 2020, the plaintiff requested clarification and/or reconsideration as the defendant's October 6, 2020 letter provided no analysis or support for the denial of a defense and/or a faulty analysis for the denial of indemnification. See **Exhibit D** which is attached hereto, incorporated herein, and made a part hereof.
- 27. On November 23, 2020, the defendant responded with a second denial of both a defense and an indemnification. See **Exhibit E** which is attached hereto, incorporated herein, and made a part hereof.
- 28. As a result of the defendant's failure to provide a defense, to date the plaintiff has incurred in costs and legal fees an amount in excess of \$50,000 with additional future significant expenses expected.

THE CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I

BREACH OF CONTRACT

- 29. The plaintiff restates the facts set forth above in paragraphs 1 through 28.
- 30. The plaintiff claims the conduct engaged in by the defendant above is in violation of its duty to defend and indemnify the plaintiff as set forth in the insurance Policy referenced above.
- 31. As a result of defendant's breach, the plaintiff has suffered significant financial loss.

COUNT II

BREACH OF COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING

- 32. The plaintiff restates the facts set forth above in paragraphs 1 through 31.
- 33. The plaintiff claims the conduct engaged in by the defendant above is in violation of its duty of good faith and fair dealing under the terms of the insurance Policy referenced above.
- 34. As a result of defendant's breach, the plaintiff has suffered significant financial loss.

COUNT III

DECLARATORY JUDGMENT

- 35. The plaintiff restates the facts set forth above in paragraphs 1 through 34.
- 36. Plaintiff and defendant disagree as to plaintiff's rights and defendant's duties under the terms of the insurance Policy referenced above.
- 37. Plaintiff requests this Honorable Court define the duties owed by the defendant under said insurance Policy in this matter.

COUNT IV

G.L. c. 93A; G.L. c. 176D

- 38. The plaintiff restates the facts set forth above in paragraphs 1 through 37.
- 39. Plaintiff and defendant are engaged in trade and commerce in this Commonwealth.
- 40. Plaintiff alleges that the conduct outlined above is a violation of G.L. c. 176D, §3(9)(e) and G.L. c. 176D, §3(9)(n) and other unlawful and recognized unfair claim practices.
- 41. Unfair claim practices under G.L. c. 176D are a violation of the defendant's obligations under G.L. c. 93A and therefore permit the award of attorneys' fees, costs, and up to three times the damages occasioned thereby.
- 42. As a result of defendant's misconduct in violation of the General Laws cited above, the plaintiff has suffered a significant financial loss.

REMEDY

- 43. For all of the facts set forth above, the plaintiff requests this Honorable Court:
 - a. Define under G.L. c. 231A the parties' rights and duties under the above-referenced insurance Policy.
 - b. Assess, determine, and award the financial damages suffered by the plaintiff as a result of any breaches or violation of any statutes or regulations cited herein.
 - c. Assess, determine, and award all interest, costs, attorneys' fees, and multiple damages the plaintiff is entitled to because of the defendant's wrongful conduct set forth herein.

PLAINTIFF DEMANDS A TRIAL BY JURY ON ALL COUNTS SO TRIABLE.

THE PLAINTIFF, EGAN, FLANAGAN AND COHEN, P.C., By Its Attorneys

John J. Egap, BBO #151680

Michael G. McDonough, BBO #682128

Egan, Flanagan and Cohen, P.C. 67 Market Street, P.O. Box 9035

Springfield, MA 01102-9035

(413) 737-0260; Fax (413) 737-0121

Email: jje@efclaw.com; mgm@efclaw.com

Dated: March 9, 2021

0623-210264\412837

EXHIBIT A

This Spectrum Policy consists of the Declarations, Coverage Forms, Common Policy Conditions and any other Forms and Endorsements issued to be a part of the Policy. This insurance is provided by the stock

insurance company of The Hartford Insurance Group shown below.

SBA.

INSURER:

TWIN CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

ONE HARTFORD PLAZA, HARTFORD, CT 06155

COMPANY CODE: 7

Policy Number: 08 SBA AA1751 SB

SPECTRUM POLICY DECLARATIONS

ORIGINAL

Named Insured and Mailing Address: (No., Street, Town, State, Zip Code)

EGAN, FLANAGAN & COHEN, PC

67 MARKET STREET LLC

67 MARKET ST

SPRINGFIELD

01103 MA

From

10/17/19

10/17/20 To

1

12:01 a.m., Standard time at your mailing address shown above. Exception: 12 noon in New Hampshire.

Name of Agent/Broker: CHASE CLARKE STEWART & FONTANA INC

Code: 087870

Previous Policy Number: 08 SBA AA1751

Named Insured is: CORPORATION

Audit Period: NON-AUDITABLE

Type of Property Coverage: SPECIAL

Insurance Provided: In return for the payment of the premium and subject to all of the terms of this policy, we

agree with you to provide insurance as stated in this policy.

TOTAL ANNUAL PREMIUM IS:

\$6,352

Countersigned by

Authorized Representative

Sugar S. Castanedas

08/07/19 Date

Form SS 00 02 12 06 Process Date: 08/07/19 Page 001 (CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE)

Policy Expiration Date: 10/17/20

6

POLICY NUMBER: 08 SBA AA1751

Location(s), Building(s), Business of Named Insured and Schedule of Coverages for Premises as designated by

Number below.

Location: 001

Building: 001

67 MARKET ST

SPRINGFIELD

MA 01103

Description of Business:

Lawyers & Law Firms

Deductible: \$ 2,500 PER OCCURRENCE

BUILDING AND BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY LIMITS OF INSURANCE

BUILDING

REPLACEMENT COST

\$ 3,641,500

BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY

REPLACEMENT COST

757,400

PERSONAL PROPERTY OF OTHERS

REPLACEMENT COST

NO COVERAGE

MONEY AND SECURITIES

INSIDE THE PREMISES

10,000

OUTSIDE THE PREMISES

5,000

MORTGAGE HOLDER: APPLIES

Form SS 00 02 12 06 Process Date: 08/07/19 Page 002 (CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE) Policy Expiration Date: 10/17/20 Location(s), Building(s), Business of Named Insured and Schedule of Coverages for Premises as designated by Number below.

Location: 001

Building: 001

PROPERTY OPTIONAL COVERAGES APPLICABLE LIMITS OF INSURANCE TO THIS LOCATION

ORDINANCE OR LAW COVERAGE: FORM SS 04 15

UNDAMAGED PART COVERAGE DEMOLITION COST COVERAGE INCREASED COST COVERAGE

100,000 250,000

SUPER STRETCH FOR LAW OFFICES FORM SS 04 94
THIS FORM INCLUDES MANY ADDITIONAL COVERAGES AND EXTENSIONS OF COVERAGES. A SUMMARY OF THE COVERAGE LIMITS IS ATTACHED.

LIMITED FUNGI, BACTERIA OR VIRUS COVERAGE: FORM SS 40 93 THIS IS THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF INSURANCE FOR THIS COVERAGE, SUBJECT TO ALL PROPERTY LIMITS

FOUND ELSEWHERE ON THIS

DECLARATION. INCLUDING BUSINESS INCOME AND EXTRA

EXPENSE COVERAGE FOR:

30 DAYS

50,000

*1100208AA17510120

墜

POLICY NUMBER: 08 SBA AA1751

Location(s), Building(s), Business of Named Insured and Schedule of Coverages for Premises as designated by Number below.

Location: 002

Building: 001

BENNETT ROAD / TWIN MOUNTAIN ROAD

HAMPDEN

MA 01036

Description of Business:

Vacant Land

Deductible: NO COVERAGE

BUILDING AND BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY LIMITS OF INSURANCE

BUILDING

NO COVERAGE

BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY

REPLACEMENT COST

NO COVERAGE

PERSONAL PROPERTY OF OTHERS

REPLACEMENT COST

NO COVERAGE

MONEY AND SECURITIES

INSIDE THE PREMISES OUTSIDE THE PREMISES NO COVERAGE

NO COVERAGE

SPECTRUM POLICY DECLARATIONS (Continued) POLICY NUMBER: 08 SBA AA1751

EMPLOYEE DISHONESTY COVERAGE -

EXCLUDES ERISA

FORM: SS 42 01 DEDUCTIBLE: \$ 1,000

PROPERTY OPTIONAL COVERAGES APPLICABLE LIMITS OF INSURANCE TO ALL LOCATIONS

BUSINESS INCOME AND EXTRA EXPENSE 12 MONTHS ACTUAL LOSS SUSTAINED COVERAGE COVERAGE INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING COVERAGE EXTENSIONS: 30 DAYS ACTION OF CIVIL AUTHORITY: 30 CONSECUTIVE DAYS EXTENDED BUSINESS INCOME: EQUIPMENT BREAKDOWN COVERAGE COVERAGE FOR DIRECT PHYSICAL LOSS DUE TO: MECHANICAL BREAKDOWN, ARTIFICIALLY GENERATED CURRENT AND STEAM EXPLOSION THIS ADDITIONAL COVERAGE INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING EXTENSIONS 50,000 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES 50,000 EXPEDITING EXPENSES MECHANICAL BREAKDOWN COVERAGE ONLY APPLIES WHEN BUILDING OR BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY IS SELECTED ON THE POLICY 15,000 IDENTITY RECOVERY COVERAGE FORM SS 41 12

500,000

POLICY NUMBER: 08 SBA AA1751

FOLIST	LIMITS OF INSURANCE
BUSINESS LIABILITY	\$1,000,000
LIABILITY AND MEDICAL EXPENSES	\$ 10,000
MEDICAL EXPENSES - ANY ONE PERSON	\$1,000,000
PERSONAL AND ADVERTISING INJURY	4
DAMAGES TO PREMISES RENTED TO YOU	\$1,000,000
ANY ONE PREMISES	
AGGREGATE LIMITS PRODUCTS-COMPLETED OPERATIONS	\$2,000,000
	\$2,000,000
GENERAL AGGREGATE	

AMENDMENT OF LIQUOR LIABILITY EXCLUSION: FORM SS 40 34 DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY: NONE

BUSINESS LIABILITY OPTIONAL COVERAGES

\$1,000,000 HIRED/NON-OWNED AUTO LIABILITY

POLICY NUMBER: 08 SBA AA1751

BUSINESS LIABILITY OPTIONAL COVERAGES

LIMITS OF INSURANCE

(Continued)

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITY COVERAGE: FORM SS 40 50 EACH CLAIM AGGREGATE

\$1,000,000 \$2,000,000

UNMANNED AIRCRAFT LIABILITY FORM: SS 42 06

Form SS 00 02 12 06 Process Date: 08/07/19 Page 007 (CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE)

POLICY NUMBER: 08 SBA AA1751

ADDITIONAL INSUREDS: THE FOLLOWING ARE ADDITIONAL INSUREDS FOR BUSINESS LIABILITY COVERAGE IN THIS POLICY.

001 BUILDING 001 LOCATION

OWNER, LESSEES OR CONTRACTORS TYPE

SEE FORM IH 12 00 NAME

POLICY NUMBER: 08 SBA AA1751

LOSS PAYEE: FORM SS 12 12

SEE FORM IH 12 00

MORTGAGE HOLDER :

MONSON SAVINGS BANK ISAOA / ATIMA 146 MAIN STREET MONSON, MA. 01057

Form Numbers of Forms and Endorsements that apply:

SS 00 01 03 14 SS 00 60 09 15 SS 01 01 07 08 SS 04 22 07 05 SS 04 41 03 18 SS 04 46 09 14 SS 04 86 03 00 SS 40 50 10 08 SS 41 63 06 11 SS 50 38 10 03 SS 50 19 01 15 SS 89 93 07 16	SS 00 05 10 08 SS 00 61 07 19 SS 42 06 03 17 SS 04 30 07 05 SS 04 42 03 17 SS 04 47 04 09 SS 04 94 09 07 SS 04 94 07 05 SS 42 01 03 17 SS 51 11 03 17 SH 99 40 04 09	SS 00 07 07 05 SS 00 64 09 16 SS 04 15 07 05 SS 04 38 09 09 SS 04 38 09 09 SS 04 44 07 05 SS 04 78 12 17 SS 40 18 07 05 SS 41 12 12 17 SS 05 47 09 15 SS 05 47 09 15 SS 06 48 01 94 SS 07 05 SS 04 39 07 05 SS 04 35 07 05 SS 20 05 52 06 13 SS 12 12 03 92 SS 83 76 01 15
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89 93 U/ 10 IH 12 00 11 85 LOSS PAYEE IH 12 00 11 85 ADDITIONAL INSURED - OWNER, LESSEES OR CONTRACTOR

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SUPER STRETCH FOR LAW OFFICES SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF COVERAGE LIMITS

This is a summary of the Coverages and the Limits of Insurance provided by the Super Stretch Coverage form SS 04 94 which is included in this policy. No coverage is provided by this summary. Refer to coverage form SS 04 94 to determine the scope of your insurance protection.

The Limits of Insurance for the following Additional Coverages are in addition to any other limit of insurance provided under this policy:

Blanket Coverage Limit of Insurance	\$250.000
Blanket Coverage Limit of insulance	, 4= ,
Blanket Coverages	

Accounts Receivable - On/Off Premises

Computers and Media

Debris Removal

Personal Property of Others

Temperature Change

Valuable Papers and Records- On/Off Premises

Coverage Brands and Labels Claim Expenses Computer Fraud Employee Dishonesty (including ERISA) Fine Arts Forgery Laptop Computers – Worldwide Coverage Law Library Coverage Off-Premises Utility Services – Direct Damage Outdoor Signs Pairs or Sets Property at Other Premises Salespersons' Samples Sewer and Drain Back Up Sump Overflow or Sump Pump Failure Tenant Building and Business Personal Property	Limit Up to Business Personal Property Limit \$ 10,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000 Full Value Up to Business Personal Property Limit \$ 10,000 \$ 5,000 Included up to Covered Property Limits \$ 50,000 \$ 20,000
Coverage-Required By Lease Transit Property in the Care of Carriers for Hire Unauthorized Business Card Use	\$ 10,000 \$ 5,000

The Limits of Insurance for the following Coverage Extensions are a replacement of the Limit of Insurance provided . under the Standard Property Coverage Form or the Special Property Coverage Form, whichever applies to the policy:

del file organization in the	Limit
Coverage Newly Acquired or Constructed Property – 180 Days Building Business Personal Property Business Income and Extra Expense Outdoor Property Personal Effects	\$1,000,000 \$ 500,000 \$ 500,000 \$ 25,000 aggregate/ \$1,000 per item \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000
Property Off-Premises	the policy. The

The following changes apply only if Business Income and Extra Expense are covered under this policy. The Limits of Insurance for the following Business Income and Extra Expense Coverages are in addition to any other Limit of Insurance provided under this policy:

Coverage Business Income Extension for Off-Premises Utility Services Business Income Extension for Web Sites Business Income from Dependent Properties	\$ 25,000 \$ 50,000/7 days \$ 50,000
Brilless months warm a 1	Caverage is 8

The following Limit of Insurance for the following Business Income Coverage is a replacement of the Limit of Insurance provided under the Standard Property Coverage Form or the Special Property Coverage Form, whichever applies to the policy:

0,100 10 1	Limit
Coverage	90 Days
Extended Business Income	

The following changes apply to Loss Payment Conditions:

e tollowing changes of 1	Limit
Coverage Valuation Changes Commodity Stock "Finished Stock" Mercantile Stock - Sold	Included Included Included

QUICK REFERENCE - SPECTRUM POLICY

DECLARATIONS and COMMON POLICY CONDITIONS

I. DECLARATIONS

Named Insured and Mailing Address Policy Period Description and Business Location Coverages and Limits of Insurance

II. COMMON POLICY CONDITIONS	THE POLICY CONDITIONS	Beginning on Page	
	COMMON POLICY CONDITIONS	1	
	A. Cancellation	1	
	B. Changes	2	
	C. Concealment, Misrepresentation Or Fraud	2	
	D. Examination Of Your Books And Records	2	
	■ Inspections And Surveys	2	
	F. Insurance Under Two Or More Coverages	2	
	G. Liberalization	2	
	H. Other Insurance - Property Coverage	2	
	- Describing	2	
	J. Transfer Of Rights Of Recovery Against Others To Us	3	
	J. Transfer Of Your Rights And Duties Under This PolicyK. Transfer Of Your Rights And Duties Under This Policy	3	
	L. Premium Audit		



All coverages of this policy are subject to the following conditions.

A. Cancellation

- The first Named Insured shown in the Declarations may cancel this policy by mailing or delivering to us advance written notice of cancellation.
- We may cancel this policy by mailing or delivering to the first Named Insured written notice of cancellation at least:
 - 5 days before the effective date of cancellation if any one of the following conditions exists at any building that is Covered Property in this policy:
 - (1) The building has been vacant or unoccupied 60 or more consecutive days. This does not apply to:
 - (a) Seasonal unoccupancy; or
 - of the course (b) Buildings in renovation construction, addition.

Buildings with 65% or more of the rental units or floor area vacant or considered are unoccupied unoccupied under this provision.

- (2) After damage by a Covered Cause of Loss, permanent repairs to the building:
 - (a) Have not started; and
 - (b) Have not been contracted for, within 30 days of initial payment of loss.
- (3) The building has:
 - (a) An outstanding order to vacate;
 - (b) An outstanding demolition order; or
 - by unsafe declared (c) Been governmental authority.
- (4) Fixed and salvageable items have been or are being removed from the building and are not being replaced. This does not apply to such removal that is necessary or incidental to any renovation or remodeling.

(5) Failure to:

- (a) Furnish necessary heat, water, sewer service or electricity for 30 consecutive days or more, except during a period of seasonal unoccupancy; or
- (b) Pay property taxes that are owing and have been outstanding for more than one year following the except that this due, date provision will not apply where you are in a bona fide dispute with the taxing authority regarding payment of such taxes.
- b. 10 days before the effective date of cancellation if we cancel for nonpayment of premium.
- c. 30 days before the effective date of cancellation if we cancel for any other
- We will mail or deliver our notice to the first Named Insured's last mailing address known
- 4. Notice of cancellation will state the effective date of cancellation. The policy period will end on that date.
- If this policy is canceled, we will send the first Named insured any premium refund due. Such refund will be pro rata. If the first Named Insured cancels, the refund may be less than pro rata. The cancellation will be effective even if we have not made or offered a refund.
- 6. If notice is mailed, proof of mailing will be sufficient proof of notice.

B. Changes

This policy contains all the agreements between you and us concerning the insurance afforded. The first Named Insured shown in the Declarations is authorized to make changes in the terms of this policy This policy's terms can be with our consent. amended or waived only by endorsement issued by us and made a part of this policy.

Page 1 of 3

C. Concealment, Misrepresentation Or Fraud

This policy is void in any case of fraud by you as it relates to this policy at any time. It is also void if you or any other insured, at any time, intentionally conceal or misrepresent a material fact concerning:

- This policy;
- 2. The Covered Property;
- 3. Your interest in the Covered Property; or
- 4. A claim under this policy.

D. Examination Of Your Books And Records

We may examine and audit your books and records as they relate to the policy at any time during the policy period and up to three years afterward.

E. Inspections And Surveys

- 1. We have the right but are not obligated to:
 - Make inspections and surveys at any time;
 - b. Give you reports on the conditions we find; and
 - c. Recommend changes.
- ٥ľ reports surveys, inspections, recommendations will relate only to insurability **2.** Any and the premiums to be charged. We do not We do not make safety inspections. undertake to perform the duty of any person or organization to provide for the health or safety of any person. We do not represent or warrant that conditions:
 - a. Are safe or healthful; or
 - Comply with laws, regulations, codes or standards.
- 3. This condition applies not only to us, but also to any rating, advisory, rate service or similar insurance makes which organization reports surveys, inspections, recommendations on our behalf.

F. Insurance Under Two Or More Coverages

If two or more of this policy's coverages apply to the same loss or damage, we will not pay more than the actual amount of the loss or damage.

G. Liberalization

If we adopt any revision that would broaden the coverage under this policy without additional premium within 45 days prior to, or at any time during, the policy period, the broadened coverage will immediately apply to this policy.

H. Other Insurance - Property Coverage

If there is other insurance covering the same loss or damage, we will pay only for the amount of covered loss or damage in excess of the amount due from that other insurance, whether you can collect on it or not. But we will not pay more than the applicable Limit of Insurance.

Premiums

- 1. The first Named Insured shown in the Declarations:
 - a. Is responsible for the payment of all premiums; and
 - b. Will be the payee for any return premiums we pay.
- The premium shown in the Declarations was computed based on rates in effect at the time the policy was issued. If applicable, on each renewal, continuation or anniversary of the effective date of this policy, we will compute the premium in accordance with our rates and rules then in effect.
- With our consent, you may continue this policy in force by paying a continuation premium for each successive one-year period. The premium must be:
 - Paid to us prior to the anniversary date; and
 - Determined in accordance with Paragraph above.

Our forms then in effect will apply. If you do not pay the continuation premium, this policy will expire on the first anniversary date that we have not received the premium.

Changes in exposures or changes in your business operation, acquisition or use of locations that are not shown in the Declarations may occur during the policy period. If so, we may require an additional premium. That premium will be determined in accordance with our rates and rules then in effect.

J. Transfer Of Rights Of Recovery Against Others To Us

Applicable to Property Coverage:

If any person or organization to or for whom we make payment under this policy has rights to recover damages from another, those rights are transferred to us to the extent of our payment. That person or organization must do everything necessary to secure our rights and must do nothing after loss to impair them. But you may waive your rights against another party in writing:

- 1. Prior to a loss to your Covered Property; or
- After a loss to your Covered Property only if, at time of loss, that party is one of the following:

- Someone insured by this insurance;
- b. A business firm:
 - (1) Owned or controlled by you; or
 - (2) That owns or controls you; or
- Your tenant.

You may also accept the usual bills of lading or shipping receipts limiting the liability of carriers.

This will not restrict your insurance.

Transfer Of Your Rights And Duties Under This K. **Policy**

Your rights and duties under this policy may not be transferred without our written consent except in the case of death of an individual Named Insured.

If you die, your rights and duties will be transferred to your legal representative but only while acting within the scope of duties as your legal representative. Until your legal representative is appointed, anyone having proper temporary custody of your property will have your rights and duties but only with respect to that property.

L. Premium Audit

- a. We will compute all premiums for this policy in accordance with our rules and rates.
- premium amount shown Declarations is a deposit premium only. At the close of each audit period we will compute the earned premium for that period. additional premium found to be due as a result of the audit are due and payable on notice to the first Named Insured. If the deposit premium paid for the policy term is greater than the earned premium, we will return the excess to the first Named Insured.
 - The first Named Insured must maintain all records related to the coverage provided by this policy and necessary to finalize the premium audit, and send us copies of the same upon our request.

Our President and Secretary have signed this policy. Where required by law, the Declarations page has also been countersigned by our duly authorized representative.

Lisa Levin, Secretary

Dougles Elliot Douglas Elliot, President

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THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.

SPECIAL PROPERTY COVERAGE AMENDATORY ENDORSEMENT

This endorsement modifies insurance provided under the following:

SPECIAL PROPERTY COVERAGE FORM

- The following changes are made to Paragraph A.5., Additional Coverages:
 - 1. Paragraph f., Forgery is deleted and replaced with the following:
 - Forgery
 - (1) We will pay for loss resulting directly from forgery or alteration of any check, draft, promissory note, or bill of exchange or similar written promise of payment in "money" that you or your agent has issued, or that was issued by someone who impersonates you or This includes written your agent. instruments required in conjunction with any credit, debit, or charge card issued to you or any employee for business purposes.
 - (2) If you are sued for refusing to pay the check, draft, promissory note, or bill of exchange or similar written promise of payment in "money" on the basis that it has been forged or altered, and you have our written consent to defend against the "suit", we will pay for any reasonable expenses that you incur and pay in that defense.
 - (3) We will pay for loss resulting directly from your having accepted in good faith, in exchange for merchandise, "money" or services:
 - including orders, (a) Monev counterfeit money orders, issued by any post office, express company or bank that are not paid upon presentation; and
 - (b) Counterfeit United States or Canadian paper currency.

- (4) For the purpose of this Coverage Extension, check includes a substitute check as defined in the Check Clearing for the 21st Century Act and will be treated the same as the original it replaced.
- (5) We will treat mechanically reproduced facsimile signatures the same as handwritten signatures.
- (6) The most we will pay in any one occurrence, including legal expenses, under this Additional Coverage is \$5,000, unless a higher Limit of in shown is Insurance Declarations.
- 2. Paragraph i.(2)(c) of the Money and Securities Additional Coverage is deleted and replaced with the following:
 - (c) Loss or damage to "money" and "securities" following and directly related to the use of any "computer" to fraudulently cause a transfer of that property.
- B. The following changes are made to Section B., **EXCLUSIONS**
 - 1. Paragraph 1.a., Earth Movement is amended to add the following:

This Exclusion applies regardless of whether any of the following is caused by weather, an act of nature, by an artificial, man-made or other cause.

2. The following is exclusion is added to Paragraph 1.:

Electronic Vandalism or Corruption of "Electronic Data" or Corruption of "Computer Equipment"

This exclusion does not apply to Electronic Vandalism, form SS 14 29 or Electronic Vandalism, form SS 40 08 if either form has been made part of this policy.

- (1) Destruction or corruption of "electronic data" caused by a virus, malicious code or similar instruction introduced into or enacted on a computer system (including "electronic data") or a network to which it is connected, designed to damage or destroy any part of the system or disrupt its normal operation.
- (2) Unauthorized viewing, copying or use of electronic data (or any proprietary or confidential information or intellectual property in any form) by any person, even if such activity is characterized as "theft";
- (3) Errors or omissions in programming or processing "electronic data";
- (4) Errors or deficiency in design, installation, maintenance, repair or modification of your computer system or any computer system or network to which your system is connected or on which your system depends (including "electronic data");
- (5) Manipulation of your computer system, including "electronic data", by an employee, volunteer worker or contractor, for the purpose of diverting or destroying "electronic data" or causing fraudulent or illegal transfer of any property;
- (6) Interruption in normal computer function or network service or function due to insufficient capacity to process transactions or to an overload of activity on the system or network;
- (7) Unexplained or indeterminable failure, malfunction or slowdown of a computer system, including "electronic data" and the inability to access or properly manipulate the "electronic data";
- (8) Complete or substantial failure, disablement or shutdown of the Internet, regardless of the cause;
- (9) The inability of a computer system to correctly recognize, process, distinguish, interpret or accept one or more dates or times.

But if direct physical loss or direct physical damage occurs to Covered Property from a resulting Covered Cause of Loss, we will pay for that resulting direct physical loss or direct physical damage. Mere loss of use or loss of functionality of any property is not considered physical loss or physical damage.

3. Paragraph 2. is deleted and replaced with the following:

We will not pay for loss or damage caused by or resulting from:

- a. Consequential Losses: Delay, loss of use or loss of market.
- Smoke, Vapor, Gas: Smoke, vapor or gas from agricultural smudging or industrial operations.
- c. Miscellaneous Types of Loss:
 - (1) Wear and tear;
 - (2) Rust, corrosion, fungus, decay, deterioration, hidden or latent defect or any quality in property that causes it to damage or destroy itself;
 - (3) Smog;
 - (4) Settling, cracking, shrinking or expansion;
 - (5) Nesting or infestation, or discharge or release of waste products or secretions, by insects, birds, rodents, mold, spore or other animals;
 - (6) The following causes of loss to personal property:
 - (a) Dampness or dryness of atmosphere;
 - (b) Changes in or extremes of temperature; or
 - (c) Marring or scratching.

But if physical loss or physical damage by the "specified causes of loss", building glass breakage or Equipment Breakdown Accident results, we will pay for that resulting physical loss or physical damage.

- d. Frozen Plumbing: Water, other liquids, powder or molten material that leaks or flows from plumbing, heating, air conditioning or other equipment (except fire protective systems) caused by or resulting from freezing, unless:
 - You do your best to maintain heat in the building or structure; or
 - (2) You drain the equipment and shut off the supply if the heat is not maintained.
 - Dishonesty: Dishonest or criminal act by you, any of your partners, "members", officers, "managers", employees,

authorized trustees, directors, representatives or anyone to whom you entrust the property for any purpose:

- (1) Acting alone or in collusion with others; or
- (2) Whether or not occurring during the hours of employment.

This exclusion does not apply to acts of destruction by your employees; but theft by employees is not covered.

- False Pretense: Voluntary parting with any property by you or anyone else to whom you have entrusted the property if induced to do so by any fraudulent scheme, trick, device or false pretense.
- Exposed Property: Rain, snow, ice or sleet to personal property in the open, except as provided in the Coverage Extension for Outdoor Property.
- Collapse: Collapse, except as provided in the Additional Coverage for Collapse. But if loss or damage by a Covered Cause of Loss results at the "scheduled premises", we will pay for that resulting loss or damage.
- Pollution: We will not pay for loss or damage caused by or resulting from the discharge, dispersal, seepage, migration, release or escape of "pollutants and contaminants" unless the discharge, dispersal, seepage, migration, release or escape is itself caused by any of the "specified causes of loss." But if physical loss or physical damage by the "specified causes of loss" results, we will pay for the resulting physical loss or physical damage caused by the "specified cause of loss."

- C. Definition 4., "Data", of Section G., PROPERTY **DEFINITIONS** is deleted and replaced with the following.
 - "Electronic data" means information, facts or computer programs stored as or on, created or used on, or transmitted to or from computer software (including systems and applications software), on hard or floppy disks, CD-ROMs, tapes, drives, cells, data processing devices or any other repositories of computer software which are used with electronically controlled equipment. The term computer programs, referred to in the foregoing description of electronic data, means a set of related electronic instructions which direct the operations and functions of a "computer" or device connected to it, which enable the "computer" or device to receive, process, store, retrieve or send data.

"Electronic data" it is not considered physical property under this Coverage Part and is covered only as expressly provided for in this Coverage Part. Any such coverage does not indicate that "electronic data" is considered to be tangible property subject to physical loss or physical damage for purposes of any business interruption coverage or other coverage that requires physical loss or physical damage.

Page 3 of 3



THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.

UNMANNED AIRCRAFT - LIABILITY ENDORSEMENT

This endorsement modifies insurance provided under the following:

BUSINESS LIABILITY COVERAGE FORM

SCHEDULE

	· SCHEDULE
[Option 1: If an "X" is shown in this box, Bodily Injury and Property Damage coverage for Unmanned Aircraft applies and the Unmanned Aircraft Exclusion in Paragraph A.1.g.(1) of this endorsement does not apply.
	applies and the Unmanned Aircraft Exclusion in a language of the Aircraft Option 2: If an "X" is shown in this box, Personal And Advertising Injury coverage for Unmanned Aircraft applies and the Unmanned Aircraft - Personal And Advertising Injury Exclusion in Paragraph A.2. of this applies and the Unmanned Aircraft - Personal And Advertising Injury Exclusion in Paragraph A.2.
	endorsement does not apply.

Except as otherwise stated in this endorsement or the schedule above, the terms and conditions of the policy apply to the insurance stated below.

- A. The following changes are made to Section B.1., **EXCLUSIONS:**
 - 1. Paragraph g., Aircraft, Auto or Watercraft, is deleted and replaced with the following:
 - Aircraft, Auto or Watercraft
 - (1) Unmanned Aircraft

"Bodily injury" or "property damage" ownership, the of out arising maintenance, use or entrustment to others of any aircraft that is an "unmanned aircraft". Use includes operation and "loading or unloading".

This Paragraph g.(1) applies even if the claims against any insured allege negligence or other wrongdoing in the supervision, hiring, employment, training or monitoring of others by that insured, if the "occurrence" which caused the "bodily injury" or "property damage" involved the ownership, maintenance, use or entrustment to others of any aircraft that is an "unmanned aircraft".

(2) Aircraft (Other Than Unmanned Aircraft), Auto Or Watercraft

"Bodily injury" or "property damage" ownership, the out of arising maintenance, use or entrustment to others of any aircraft (other than "unmanned aircraft), "auto" or watercraft owned or operated by or rented or loaned to any insured. Use includes operation and "loading or unloading".

This Paragraph g.(2) applies even if the claims against any insured allege negligence or other wrongdoing in the supervision, hiring, employment, training or monitoring of others by that insured, if the "occurrence" which caused the "bodily injury" or "property damage" involved the ownership, maintenance, use or entrustment to others of any aircraft (other than "unmanned aircraft), "auto" or watercraft that is owned or operated by or rented or loaned to any insured.

Paragraph g. (2) does not apply to:

- (a) A watercraft while ashore on premises you own or rent;
- (b) A watercraft you do not own that is:
 - (i) Less than 51 feet long; and
 - (ii) Not being used to carry persons for a charge;
- (c) Parking an "auto" on, or on the ways next to, premises you own or rent, provided the "auto" is not owned by or rented or loaned to you or the insured;
- under (d) Liability assumed "insured contract" for the ownership, maintenance or use of aircraft or watercraft;

Page 1 of 2

Policy Expiration Date: 10/17/20

Form SS 42 06 03 17 Process Date: 08/07/19

- (e) "Bodily injury" or "property damage" arising out of the operation of any of the equipment listed in Section G Liability and Medical Expenses Definitions, Paragraph 15 f. (2) or f. (3) of the definition of "mobile equipment"; or
- (f) An aircraft (other than unmanned aircraft) that is not owned by any insured and is hired, chartered or loaned with a paid crew. However, this exception does not apply if the insured has any other insurance for such "bodily injury" or "property damage", whether the other insurance is primary, excess, contingent or on any other basis.
- The following is added to Section B. EXCLUSIONS Paragraph p., Personal and Advertising Injury:

Unmanned Aircraft - Personal and Advertising Injury

Arising out of the ownership, maintenance, use or entrustment to others of any aircraft that is an "unmanned aircraft". Use includes operation and "loading or unloading".

This exclusion applies even if the claims against any insured allege negligence or other wrongdoing in the supervision, hiring, employment, training or monitoring of others by that insured, if the offense which caused the "personal and advertising injury" involved the ownership, maintenance, use or entrustment to others of any aircraft that is an "unmanned aircraft".

However, this exclusion does not apply if the only allegation in the claim or "suit" involves an intellectual property right which is limited to:

- (a) Infringement, in your "advertisement", of:
 - (i) Copyright;
 - (ii) Slogan; or
 - (iii) Title of any literary or artistic work; or
- (b) Copying, in your "advertisement", a person's or organization's "advertising idea" or style of "advertisement".

- B. The following changes apply to Section G.
 LIABILITY AND MEDICAL EXPENSES
 DEFINITIONS:
 - The following definition is added:
 "Unmanned aircraft" means an aircraft that is
 not.
 - a. Designed;
 - b. Manufactured; or
 - c. Modified after manufacture

to be controlled directly by a person from within or on the aircraft.



THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.

BUILDING LIMIT- AUTOMATIC INCREASE REVISION

This endorsement modifies insurance provided under the following:

SPECIAL PROPERTY COVERAGE FORM STANDARD PROPERTY COVERAGE FORM

Except as otherwise stated in this endorsement, the terms and conditions of the policy apply to the insurance stated below.

- Paragraph C.5 Building Limit-Automatic Increase of the SPECIAL PROPERTY COVERAGE FORM or STANDARD PROPERTY COVERAGE FORM is deleted.
- B. The following is added to Additional Coverages, paragraph A.5 of the SPECIAL PROPERTY COVERAGE FORM or paragraph A.4. of the STANDARD PROPERTY COVERAGE FORM:

Building Limit - Automatic Increase

- a. If the covered loss or damage to Building property at a "scheduled premises" exceeds the Limit of Insurance stated in the Declarations, the Limit of Insurance available for the covered loss or damage in that occurrence will automatically increase by up to 8%.
- The amount of increase will be:
 - (1) The Limit of Insurance for Buildings that applied on the most recent of the policy inception date, policy anniversary date, or the date of any other policy change amending the Building limit, multiplied by
 - (2) The 8% annualized percentage of Automatic Increase, expressed as a decimal

(08), multiplied by

(3) The number of days since the beginning of the current policy year or the effective date of the most recent policy change amending the Limit of Insurance for Buildings, divided by 365.

Example:

The applicable Limit of Insurance for Buildings is \$100,000. The automatic increase percentage is 8%. The number of days since the beginning of the policy period (or last policy change) is 146.

The amount of increase is:

\$100,000 X .08 X 146 divided by 365 = \$3,200

Form SS 41 51 10 09

POLICY NUMBER: 08 SBA AA1751



THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.

LOSS PAYEE

*1100208AA17510120

LOCATION 001 BUILDING 001

UNITED BANK ISAOA / ATIMA PO BOX 9020 MA 01090 WEST SPRINGFIEL DESCRIPTION: CONTENTS

LOCATION 001 BUILDING 001

PITNEY BOWES CREDIT CORP PO BOX 856460 KY 40285 LOUISVILLE DESCRIPTION: BPP

LOCATION 001 BUILDING 001

BAYTREE LEASING COMPANY 15325 SE 30TH PL SUITE 100 WA 98007 BELLEVUE DESCRIPTION: LEASED EQUIPMENT

Form IH 12 00 11 85 T SEQ. NO. 001 Printed in U.S.A. Page 001Process Date: 08/07/19

Expiration Date: 10/17/20

POLICY NUMBER: 08 SBA AA1751



THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.

ADDIT TONAL INSURED - OWNER, LESSEES OR CONTRACTOR

MARKETT STREET PROF CENTER

GENER AL PARTNERS

67 MARKET STREET

MA 01103 SPRINGFIELD

UNITED BANK ISAOF / ATIMA

PO BOX 9020 MA 01090 SPRINGFIEL WEST

Formal IH 12 00 11 85 T SEQ. NO. 002 Printed in U.S.A. Page 001

Process Date: 08/07/19

Expiration Date: 10/17/20

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY, OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL ("OFAC") ADVISORY NOTICE TO POLICYHOLDERS

No coverage is provided by this Policyholder Notice nor can it be construed to replace any provisions of your policy. You should read your policy and review your Declarations page for complete information on the coverages you are provided.

This Notice provides information concerning possible impact on your insurance coverage due to directives issued by the United States. Please read this Notice carefully.

The Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC") of the U.S. Department of the Treasury administers and enforces economic and trade sanctions based on U.S. foreign policy and national security goals against targeted foreign countries and regimes, terrorists, international narcotics traffickers, those engaged in activities related to the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, and other threats to the national security, foreign policy or economy of the United States. OFAC acts under Presidential national emergency powers, as well as authority granted by specific legislation, to impose controls on transactions and freeze assets under U.S. jurisdiction. OFAC publishes a list of individuals and companies owned or controlled by, or acting for or on behalf of, targeted countries. It also lists individuals, groups, and entities, such as terrorists and narcotics traffickers designated under programs that are not country-specific. Collectively, such individuals and companies are called "Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons" or "SDNs". Their assets are blocked and U.S. persons are generally prohibited from dealing with them. This list can be located on OFAC's web site at - http://www.treas.gov/ofac.

In accordance with OFAC regulations, if it is determined that you or any other insured, or any person or entity claiming the benefits of this insurance has violated U.S. sanctions law or is an SDN, as identified by OFAC, the policy is a blocked contract and all dealings with it must involve OFAC. When an insurance policy is considered to be such a blocked or frozen contract, no payments nor premium refunds may be made without authorization from OFAC.



Named Insured: EGAN, FLANAGAN & COHEN, PC

Policy Number: 08 SBA AA1751

Effective Date: 10/17/19 Expiration Date: 10/17/20

Company Name: TWIN CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.

TRADE OR ECONOMIC SANCTIONS ENDORSEMENT

This insurance does not apply to the extent that trade or economic sanctions or other laws or regulations prohibit us from providing insurance, including, but not limited to, the payment of claims.

All other terms and conditions remain unchanged.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO POLICYHOLDERS

NOTIFICATION OF AVAILABILITY OF COVERAGE FOR FUNGUS/MOLD DAMAGE AS A RESULT OF OTHERWISE COVERED PERILS

The Massachusetts Division of Insurance requires that all residents and businesses of Massachusetts be provided the opportunity to purchase limited property insurance coverage for fungus/mold damages as a result of an otherwise covered peril.

The policy being offered, issued, or renewed may already provide this coverage. If this coverage is not already provided to you it is available under a separate endorsement.

Please contact your insurance company or your agent to apply for this coverage.





PRODUCER COMPENSATION NOTICE

You can review and obtain information on The Hartford's producer compensation practices at www.theHartford.com or at 1-800-592-5717.



THIS ENDORSEMENT IS ATTACHED TO AND MADE PART OF YOUR POLICY IN RESPONSE TO THE DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS OF THE TERRORISM RISK INSURANCE ACT.

DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO TERRORISM RISK **INSURANCE ACT**

SCHEDULE

Terrorism Premium:

\$125.00

A. Disclosure Of Premium

In accordance with the federal Terrorism Risk Insurance Act, as amended (TRIA), we are required to provide you with a notice disclosing the portion of your premium, if any, attributable to coverage for "certified acts of terrorism" under TRIA. The portion of your premium attributable to such coverage is shown in the Schedule of this endorsement.

- B. The following definition is added with respect to the provisions of this endorsement:
 - A "certified act of terrorism" means an act that is certified by the Secretary of the Treasury, in accordance with the provisions of TRIA, to be an act of terrorism under TRIA. The criteria contained in TRIA for a "certified act of terrorism" include the following:
 - The act results in insured losses in excess of \$5 million in the aggregate, attributable to all types of insurance subject to TRIA; and
 - b. The act results in damage within the United States, or outside the United States in the case of certain air carriers or vessels or the premises of an United States mission; and
 - The act is a violent act or an act that is dangerous to human life, property or infrastructure and is committed by an individual or individuals as part of an effort to coerce the civilian population of the

United States or to influence the policy or affect the conduct of the United States Government by coercion

C. Disclosure Of Federal Share Of Terrorism Losses

The United States Department of the Treasury will reimburse insurers for a portion of insured losses, as indicated in the table below, attributable to "certified acts of terrorism" under TRIA that exceeds the applicable insurer deductible:

Terrorism Losses
85%
84%
83%
82%
81%
80%

However, if aggregate industry insured losses under TRIA exceed \$100 billion in a calendar year, the Treasury shall not make any payment for any portion of the amount of such losses that exceeds \$100 billion. The United States government has not charged any premium for their participation in covering terrorism losses.

Form SS 83 76 01 15

Page 1 of 2

D. Cap On Insurer Liability for Terrorism Losses

If aggregate industry insured losses attributable to "certified acts of terrorism" under TRIA exceed \$100 billion in a calendar year and we have met, or will meet, our insurer deductible under TRIA, we shall not be liable for the payment of any portion of the amount of such losses that exceed \$100 billion. In such case, your coverage for terrorism losses may be reduced on a pro-rata basis in accordance with procedures established by the Treasury, based on its estimates of aggregate industry losses and our estimate that we will exceed our insurer deductible. In accordance with the Treasury's procedures, amounts paid for losses may be subject to further adjustments based on differences between actual losses and estimates.

E. Application of Other Exclusions

The terms and limitations of any terrorism exclusion, the inapplicability or omission of a terrorism exclusion, or the inclusion of terrorism coverage, do not serve to create coverage for any loss which would otherwise be excluded under this Coverage Form, Coverage Part or Policy.

F. All other terms and conditions remain the same.



IMPORTANT NOTICE TO POLICYHOLDERS

ERISA - EMPLOYEE DISHONESTY

You are receiving this notice because your renewal policy contains ERISA-EMPLOYEE DISHONESTY.

The Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) is a federal law that sets rules and standards of conduct for private sector employee benefit plans and those that invest and manage their assets. One of ERISA's requirements is that people who handle plan funds and other property must be covered by a fidelity bond to protect the plan from losses due to fraud or dishonesty.

Please be advised that on or before the beginning of each plan year, the plan administrator or other plan fiduciary must ensure that the plan has the legally required bonding amount for the individuals who will handle the plan's funds and other property. If necessary, the plan administrator or other plan fiduciary may need to obtain appropriate adjustments or additional protection to ensure that the coverage will be in compliance for the new plan year.

If you wish to adjust the amount of your ERISA fidelity bond, please reach out to your agent or Hartford representative.

Form SS 90 30 06 18





IMPORTANT NOTICE TO POLICYHOLDERS

To help your insurance keep pace with increasing costs, we have increased your amount of insurance . . . giving you better protection in case of either a partial, or total loss to your property.

If you feel the new amount is not the proper one, please contact your agent or broker.

EXHIBIT_B

Law Offices Of Egan, Flanagan and Cohen, P.C.

67 Market Street P.O. Box 9035 Springfield, Massachusetts 01102-9035

Phone: (413) 737-0260 • Telefax: (413) 737-0121

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Theodore C. Brown
Paula C. Tredeau

James F. Egan (1896-1986) Edward T. Collins (1902-1995) Charles S. Cohen (1931-2004)

*Also admitted in CT

"Also admitted in FL

"Also admitted in TX

"Also admitted in NY

September 4, 2020

Mr. Dan Fontana Chase, Clark, Stewart and Fontana P.O. Box 9031 101 State Street, 8th Floor Springfield, MA 01102

RE: Employee Benefits Liability Claim

Dear Mr. Fontana:

This is a request for coverage and defense in connection with a claim brought by Attorney Joseph A. Pacella, a retired partner in this firm, against both the Firm, as well as individual claims against two partners in this firm, John Egan and Maurice Cahillane. Attached is a copy of Joe Pacella's Complaint for Arbitration. Pursuant to the Firm's Employee Benefits Liability Policy we are requesting both defense and liability coverage for all the claims against the firm and the individuals.

Joe Pacella was a member of the Firm for over 20 years and for many years he served as the Firm's Chief Financial Officer. In 2018 Joe sold his primary residence in Longmeadow, and he and his wife moved primarily to the Maine coast. Despite his physical relocation Joe continued in his roles with the firm and was a highly compensated member. In February 2020 Joe Pacella gave written notice that he intended to retire effective the end of the Firm's fiscal year, March 31, 2020, and as part of his notice he requested Deferred Compensation of \$210,000 payable in 12 monthly installments effective April 2020. The Partnership Agreement states that the Partnership may agree to pay deferred compensation to departing Partners, and the Partnership Agreement sets out the parameters of any such payment and states that one of the factors to be considered is "the financial health of the Firm." The Firm voted to accept Joe's resignation, but deferred action on his Compensation request due to the fact that the Firm had already agreed to pay a deferred compensation and the uncertainty created by covid for this fiscal

September 4, 2020 Page 2

year. Further, given the significant financial disruption caused by covid, the Firm does not possess the financial resources to fund any additional deferred compensation at this point.

Joe Pacella is represented by the Boston firm of Hartley Michon Robb, and they filed a demand for Arbitration with American Arbitration Association on June 10, 2020. The Complaint has brought claims against the Firm, as well as claims against Maurice Cahillane (the Firm's managing partner) and Jack Egan. The claims allege a breach of fiduciary duty by the Firm, as well as Cahillane and Egan, a claim for tortious interference with contract and/or advantageous business relations against Cahillane and Egan, and a claim for breach of contract for employee benefits included in the contract. A copy of the Complaint is attached hereto.

The Firm is seeking to have coverage to defend the tort claims brought against it and the individual members.

Sincerely, Maurin Cakelline

Maurice M. Cahillane Managing Partner

Enclosures

15725-200102\392861

EXHIBIT ____

Prepare, Protect, Prevail."



Business Insurance Employee Benefits Áuto Home

Eastern General Liability & Auto Litigation Claim Center P.O. Box14263 Lexington, KY 40512-4263

October 6, 2020

Egan Flanagan & Cohen, P.C. Attention: Tim Ryan 67 Market Street Springfield, MA 01103

CERTIFIED RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED REGULAR MAIL AND VIA E-MAIL: tjr@efclaw.com

Re:

Joseph Pacella v. Egan Flanagan & Cohen, P.C., et al.

Hartford Insured:

Egan Flanagan & Cohen, P.C.

Claimant:

Joseph A. Pacella

Date of Loss:

09/04/20 (as reported)

Hartford Claim No.: Y2K L 00585

Dear Mr. Ryan:

We acknowledge receipt of a Demand for Arbitration filed with the American Arbitration Association. The Demand for Arbitration is dated June 10, 2020 and was filed by the claimant, Joseph A. Pacella. The named respondents are Egan Flanagan & Cohen, P.C.; John J. Egan; and Maurice M. Cahillane. This matter was reported to The Hartford on September 8, 2020 and was our first notice of this matter. After a review of this matter, we hereby deny coverage for this matter. As such, we will not be providing either defense or indemnification to Egan Flanagan & Cohen, P.C.; John J. Egan; or Maurice M. Cahillane. The basis for our denial is as follows.

In the Demand for Arbitration, the claimant ("Pacella") alleges that this case arises from the unfair and disparate treatment of Pacella by his law firm of 24 years and his long-standing partners, John Egan ("Egan") and Maurice Cahillane ("Cahillane"), after Pacella informed Egan Flanagan & Cohen, P.C. ("the Firm") of his desire to retire from the Firm. It is alleged that pursuant to the terms of the Firm's Shareholder and Redemption Agreement ("Shareholder Agreement") and its past practices, retired shareholders are paid deferred compensation based

solely upon, or primarily upon, their last annual base salary, and retired shareholders are permitted to remain employed at the Firm on a part-time basis thereafter, with continued compensation and other benefits.

Pacella claims that he fully complied with the terms of the Shareholder Agreement, and the retirement notice he submitted was consistent with those submitted by two other partners who had recently retired but despite this, he was subjected to disparate and unfair treatment, he specially in light of his contributions to the Firm over the last 24 years when compared to those of the other two retiring partners, having sourced over \$8.5 million dollars and produced on his personal billings over \$6.8 million dollars for the Firm.

Pacella goes on to allege that Egan, who controls the Firm due to his significant sourcing of recent years has resentment towards Pacella, using false, inapplicable and inconsistent rationales, advocated that the Firm should not timely pay the deferred compensation, and that Pacella's post-retirement compensation for part-time work should be at a percentage inexplicably and significantly lower than the other two recent retired partners,.

It is alleged that the partners voted on February 28, 2020, to issue a response to Pacella's Retirement Notice, agreeing to some terms, while indefinitely deferring the Firm's decision on the two most significant items: Pacella's deferred compensation and his requested part-time employment post-retirement, both in breach of the Shareholder Agreement and the Firm's past practices.

It is further alleged that completely contrary to the Firm's past treatment of retired shareholders spanning many years, the Firm refused to allow Pacella to remain employed following his retirement on a part-time basis, and instead froze him out of the Firm entirely. In addition, Pacella remains listed on the Firm's website with his full biography, in no way indicating that he has retired, thus enabling the Firm to continue to trade on his good name without his permission.

It is also alleged that acting contrary to their fiduciary duties, the Firm, Egan and Cahillane had no legitimate business purpose for their actions concerning Pacella's deferred compensation and freezing Pacella out of the firm. As a result, Pacella alleges that he has suffered significant damages, including, but not limited to, lost deferred compensation owed under the Shareholder Agreement, lost compensation and benefits as a shareholder for another year, lost compensation and benefits as a part-time employee post retirement, other incidental and consequential harm, and emotional distress.

The claimant specifically alleges Breach of Fiduciary Duty; Breach of The Shareholder Agreement; Breach of Implied Contract; Breach of The Covenant of Good Faith And Fair Agreement; Breach of Implied Contract; Breach of The Covenant of Good Faith And Fair Agreement; Breach of Implied Contract; Breach of The Covenant of Good Faith And Fair Agreement; Breach of The Covenant of Good Faith And Fair Agreement; Breach of The Shareholder Agreement; Breach of The Covenant of Good Faith And Fair Agreement; Breach

Our investigation indicates that Pacella was a member of the Firm for over 20 years; and in 2018 he sold his primary residence and moved primarily to the Maine coast. Despite his physical relocation, he continued in his roles with the firm and was a highly compensated member. In

February 2020 he gave written notice that he intended to retire effective the end of the Firm's fiscal year on March 31, 2020. As part of his notice, he requested Deferred Compensation in the amount of \$210,000.

Our investigation further indicates that the Partnership Agreement allows the Firm to pay deferred compensation to departing Partners; sets out the parameters of any such payment; and states that one of the factors to be considered is "the financial health of the Firm." The Firm voted to accept Pacella's resignation, but deferred action on his Compensation request due to the fact that the Firm had already agreed to pay a deferred compensation and the uncertainty created by COVID for this fiscal year. Further, given the significant financial disruption caused by COVID, the Firm does not possess the financial resources to fund any additional deferred compensation at this point.

The allegations were reviewed in conjunction with Egan Flanagan & Cohen, P.C.'s Commercial General Liability Policy issued by Twin City Fire Insurance Company ("Hartford") under policy number 08 SBA AA1751 with effective dates of October 17, 2019 through October 17, 2020. The primary policy provides limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence with an aggregate limit of \$2,000,000. This primary policy also provides Employee Benefits Liability limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence with an Aggregate limit of \$2,000,000. The pertinent policy forms are the Business Liability Coverage Form (SS00080405); the Business Liability Coverage Form Amendatory Endorsement (\$S00600915); and the Employee Benefits Liability-Occurrence (SS40501008).

We refer you to the SS00080405-Business Liability Coverage Form which reads, in part, as follows:

A. COVERAGES

1. Business Liability Coverage (Bodily Injury, Property Damage, Personal and Advertising Injury)

Insuring Agreement

a. We will pay those sums that the insured becomes legally obligated to pay as damages because of "bodily injury", "property damage" or "personal and advertising injury" to which this insurance applies. We will have the right and duty to defend the insured against any "suit" seeking those damages. However, we will have no duty to defend the insured against any "suit" seeking damages for "bodily injury", "property damage" or "personal and advertising injury" to which this insurance does not apply.

We now refer you to the Liability and Medical Expenses Definitions section of the Business Liability Coverage Form, which reads in part as follows:

- 5. "Bodily injury" means physical:
 - a. Injury;
 - b. Sickness; or
 - c. Disease

sustained by a person and, if arising out of the above, mental anguish or death at any time.

- 16. "Occurrence" means an accident, including continuous or repeated exposure to substantially the same general harmful conditions.
- 17. "Personal and advertising injury" means injury, including consequential "bodily injury", arising out of one or more of the following offenses:
 - a. False arrest, detention or imprisonment;

 - c. The wrongful eviction from, wrongful entry into, or invasion of the right of private occupancy of a room, dwelling or premises that a person or organization occupies, committed by or on behalf of its owner, landlord or lessor;
 - d. Oral, written or electronic publication of material that slanders or libels a person or organization or disparages a person's or organization's goods, products or services;
 - e. Oral, written or electronic publication of material that violates a person's rights of
 - f. Copying, in your "advertisement", a person's or organization's "advertising idea" or
 - g. Infringement of copyright, slogan, or title of any literary or artistic work, in your "advertisement"; or
 - 20. "Property damage" means:
- a. Physical injury to tangible property, including all resulting loss of use of that property. All such loss of use shall be deemed to occur at the time of the physical
 - b. Loss of use of tangible property that is not physically injured. All such loss of use shall be deemed to occur at the time of the "occurrence" that caused it.

As used in this definition, "electronic data" is not tangible property.

We now refer you to the following:

B. EXCLUSIONS

Applicable to Business Liability Coverage

This insurance does not apply to:

- a. Expected Or Intended Injury
- (1) "Bodily injury" or "property damage" expected or intended from the standpoint of the insured. This exclusion does not apply to "bodily injury" or "property damage" resulting from the use of reasonable force to protect persons or property;
 - (2) "Personal and advertising injury" arising out of an offense committed by, at the direction of or with the consent or acquiescence of the insured with the expectation of inflicting "personal and advertising injury".
- b. Contractual Liability
 - (1) "Bodily injury" or "property damage"; or

 $^{^{1}}$ As amended by the SS0060 0915 Business Liability Coverage Form Amendatory Endorsement

(2) "Personal and advertising injury" for which the insured is obligated to pay damages by reason of the assumption of liability in a contract or agreement.

This exclusion does not apply to liability for damages because of:

(a) "Bodily injury", "property damage" or "personal and advertising injury" that the insured would have in the absence of the contract or agreement;...

p. Personal And Advertising Injury

"Personal and advertising injury":

(4) Arising out of any breach of contract, except an implied contract to use another's "advertising idea" in your "advertisement";

r. Employment-Related Practices

"Personal and advertising injury" to:

- (1) A person arising out of any "employment-related practices"; or
- (2) The spouse, child, parent, brother or sister of that person as a consequence of "personal and advertising injury" to that person at whom any "employmentrelated practices" are directed.

- (a) Whether the injury-causing event described in the definition of "employment-This exclusion applies: related practices" occurs before employment, during employment or after employment of that person;
- (b) Whether the insured may be liable as an employer or in any other capacity; and
- (c) To any obligation to share damages with or repay someone else who must pay damages because of the injury.

We now refer you to the Insuring Agreement on page one of the Employee Benefits Liability-Occurrence coverage form which states in part:

A. SECTION A - COVERAGES is amended as follows

- EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITY Insuring 1. The following is added:
 - a. We will pay those sums that the insured becomes legally obligated to pay as damages because of "employee benefits injury" committed by the insured, or of any other person for whose acts the insured is legally liable, to which this insurance applies. We will have the right and duty to defend the insured against any "suit" seeking those damages. However, we will have no duty to defend the insured against any "suit" seeking damages to which this insurance does not apply. We may at our discretion, investigate any act, error or omission and settle any "claim" or "suit" that my result. But:
 - (1) The amount we will pay for "damages" is limited as described in SECTION D - LIMITS OF INSURANCE; and
 - (2) Our right and duty to defend ends when we have used up the applicable limit of insurance in the payment of judgments or settlements.

No other obligation or liability to pay sums or perform acts or services is covered unless explicitly provided for under subsection 3. Coverage Extension -Supplementary Payments (SECTION A - COVERAGES) of the Business Liability Coverage Form.

- b. This insurance applies to an "employee benefits injury" only if:
 - (1) The "employee benefits injury" is committed in the "coverage territory"; and
 - (2) The "employee benefits injury" is committed during the policy period.
- c. All "claims" for damages made by an "employee" because of an "employee benefits injury", or a series of related "employee benefits injuries", including damages claimed by such "employee's" dependents and beneficiaries, will be deemed to constitute a single "claim" for purposes of application of the Each Claim Limit of liability.
- 2. For purposes of the coverage provided by this endorsement, subsection 3. Coverage Extension - Supplementary Payments, paragraphs 3.a.(2) and 3.b. (SECTION A -COVERAGES) do not apply.

Throughout this policy, words and phrases that appear in quotation marks have special meaning. We now refer you to SECTION G-LIABILITY AND MEDICAL EXPENSES **DEFINITIONS** on pages three through four for their meanings:

- 1. Solely with respect to coverage provided by this Endorsement, the definitions of "employee" and "suit" are deleted and replaced by the following:
 - a. "Employee" means a person actively employed, on leave of absence, disabled, or retired. "Employee" includes a "leased worker". "Employee" does not include a
 - b. "Suit" means a civil proceeding in which damages because of an "employee benefits injury" to which this insurance applies are alleged. "Suit" includes:
 - (1) An arbitration proceeding in which such damages are claimed and to which you must submit or do submit with our consent; or
 - (2) Any other alternative dispute resolution proceeding in which such damages are claimed and to which the insured submits with our consent.
 - 2. Solely with respect to coverage provided by this Endorsement, the following definitions are added:
 - a. "Administration" means:
- (1) Providing information to "employees", including their dependents and beneficiaries, with respect to eligibility for or scope of your "employee benefits programs";
 - (2) Handling records in connection with "employee benefits programs"; or
 - (3) Effecting, continuing or terminating any "employee's" participation in any benefit plan included in the "employee benefits program."
 - b. "Cafeteria plans" means plans authorized by applicable law to allow employees to elect to pay for certain benefits with pre-tax dollars.

- c. "Claim" means any demand, or "suit", made by any "employee" or an "employee's" dependents and beneficiaries, for damages as a result of an "employee benefits injury.
- d. "Employee benefits injury" means injury that arises out of any negligent act, negligent error or negligent omission in the "administration" of your "employee benefits program."
- "Employee benefit program" means a program providing some or all of the following benefits to "employees", whether provided through a "cafeteria plan" or otherwise:
 - (1) Group life insurance, group accident, group health insurance, group dental insurance group vision and group hearing plans, and flexible spending accounts, provided that no one other than an "employee" may subscribe for such benefits and such benefits are made generally available to those "employees" who satisfy the plan's eligibility requirements;
 - (2) Profit sharing plans, employee savings plans, employee stock ownership plans, pension plans and stock subscription plans, provided that no other than an "employee" may subscribe to such benefits and such benefits are made generally available to those "employees" who satisfy the plan's eligibility requirements;
 - (3) Unemployment insurance, social security benefits, workers' compensation and disability benefits;
 - (4) Vacation plans, including buy and sell programs; leave of absence programs, including military, maternity, family and civil leave; tuition assistance plans; transportation and health club subsidies; and
 - (5) Any other similar benefits designated in the Declarations or added thereto by endorsement.

We now refer you to Section B. EXCLUSIONS on page one of the Employee Benefits Liability-Occurrence which reads in part as follows:

SECTION B – EXCLUSIONS is amended to add the following:

3. Applicable to Employee Benefits Liability

This insurance does not apply to:

- b. Bodily Injury, Property Damage or Personal and Advertising Injury "Bodily injury," "property damage," "personal injury" or "advertising injury."
- c. Dishonest, Fraudulent, Criminal or Malicious Act

Damages arising out of any intentional, dishonest, fraudulent, criminal or malicious act, error or omission, committed by any insured, including the willful or reckless violation of any statute.

e. Available Benefits

Any "claim" for benefits to the extent that such benefits are available with reasonable effort of the insured from the applicable funds accrued or other collectible insurance.

f. Insufficiency of Funds

Damages arising out of an insufficiency of funds to meet any obligations under any plan included in the "employee benefit program".

CONCLUSION:

Regarding the potential for coverage under the general liability insurance policy, in order for the claim to be covered, there must either be "bodily injury" or "property damage" caused by an "occurrence" or "personal and advertising injury" arising out of one or more of the offenses enumerated in the policy. The factual allegations of the complaint do not constitute "bodily injury" as that term is defined in the policy. The claimant did not sustain bodily injury, sickness or disease. Further, the factual allegations of the complaint do not constitute "property damage" as that term is defined in the policy. The claimant alleges neither physical injury to tangible property nor the loss of use of tangible property that is not physically injured. Moreover, the factual allegations of the complaint do not involve an "occurrence" or accident, as defined under your policy. Allegations of the failure to perform specified contractual obligations or scheming to defraud creditors do not constitute an accident. Finally, the factual allegations sets forth by the claimant do not constitute one of the enumerated offenses in the policy definition of "personal and advertising injury." The claimant alleges that defendants failed to provide Pacella with a deferred compensation amount or compensation for part-time employment post-retirement and froze him out of the Firm. Therefore, the Insuring Agreement of the general liability coverage has not been triggered and Hartford disclaims coverage on this basis. In addition, there are several exclusions that apply to eliminate coverage under the Business Liability Coverage Form.

Even if there was an "occurrence" of "bodily injury" or "property damage" or an offense of "personal and advertising injury", which we do not concede, the exclusion cited above related to Employment-Related Practices would apply.

Exclusion a. Expected or Intended Injury eliminates coverage for "bodily injury" or "property damage" which is expected or intended from the standpoint of the insured. This exclusion also eliminates coverage for "personal and advertising injury" arising out of an offense committed by, at the direction of or with the consent or acquiescence of the insured with the expectation of inflicting "personal and advertising injury". The claimant alleges that the Firm breached the Shareholder Agreement and he has lost deferred compensation owed under the Shareholder Agreement, lost compensation and benefits as a shareholder for another year and lost compensation and benefits as a part-time employee post retirement. The Expected or Intended Injury exclusion eliminates coverage for allegations of intentional conduct.

Exclusion b. Contractual Liability, underscores how "breach of contract" does not trigger your Insuring Agreement. This claim sounds in terms of breach of contract rather than a wrongful act or tort for damages caused by an "occurrence" of "property damage". It is not the intent of this policy to warrant your performance of the Shareholder Agreement and make compensation payments when due under your financial agreements. The Personal And Advertising Injury exclusion in part (4) eliminates coverage for "personal and advertising injury" arising out of any breach of contract, except an implied contract to use another's "advertising idea" in your

"advertisement." The claimant alleges the defendants breached the Shareholder Agreement. Exclusion part (4) eliminates coverage for "personal and advertising injury" arising out of any breach of contract.

The claim does not qualify for coverage under your general liability insurance policy with The Hartford. The claim, as enumerated previously, arises from the allegations that Egan Flanagan & Cohen, P.C., John J. Egan, and Maurice M. Cahillane voted to accept Pacella's resignation, but deferred action on his Compensation request due to the fact that the Firm had already agreed to pay a deferred compensation and the uncertainty created by COVID for this fiscal year and given the significant financial disruption caused by COVID, the Firm does not possess the financial resources to fund any additional deferred compensation at this point.

The triggering language in the Insuring Agreement under the Employee Benefits Liability-Occurrence is: "We will pay those sums that the insured becomes legally obligated to pay as damages because of 'employee benefits injury' committed by the insured, or of any other person for whose acts the insured is legally liable, to which this insurance applies."

The policy defines "employee benefits injury" as injury that arises out of any negligent act, error or omission in the "administration" of your "employee benefits program". "Employee benefits injury" means injury that arises out of any negligent act, negligent error or negligent omission in the "administration" of your "employee benefits program." The claim does not fall within the scope of the Insuring Agreement of the Employee Benefits Liability coverage form as there are no allegations of negligence in the Complaint. The claimant alleges that the Firm voted to indefinitely defer the Firm's decision on Pacella's deferred compensation and his requested partime employment post-retirement. Subsequently, the Firm refused to allow Pacella to remain employed on a part-time basis following his retirement and froze him out of the firm entirely.

As noted, the policy defines "employee benefits injury" as injury that arises out of any negligent act, error or omission in the "administration" of your "employee benefits program". Regarding "administration", at the present time, there is no allegation of an error or omission in describing your "employee benefits programs" to "employees"; handling records in connection with "employee benefits programs"; or starting, continuing or stopping any employee's participation in the Firm's "employee benefits program." Therefore, the Insuring Agreement of the Employee Benefits Liability Coverage has not been triggered. In addition, there are several exclusions that would apply to eliminate coverage.

Exclusion b. eliminates coverage for "bodily injury," "property damage," "personal injury" or "advertising injury." To the extent that the claimant alleges "bodily injury", "property damage", "personal injury" or "advertising injury", the Bodily Injury, Property Damage or Personal "personal injury" or "advertising injury", the Bodily Injury, Property Damage or Personal and Advertising Injury exclusion would apply to eliminate coverage. Exclusion c. Dishonest, and Advertising Injury exclusion would apply to eliminate coverage for any claim for damages arising out of any intentional, dishonest, fraudulent, criminal or malicious act, error or omission, committed by any insured. To the extent that the claimant alleges damages arising out conduct by the defendants that is intentional, dishonest, fraudulent or malicious, exclusion c. would apply to preclude coverage. Exclusion e. Available Benefits eliminate coverage for any "claim" for

benefits to the extent that such benefits are available with reasonable effort of the insured from the applicable funds accrued or other collectible insurance. Finally, exclusion f. Insufficiency of Funds eliminates coverage for damages arising out of an insufficiency of funds to meet any obligations under any plan included in the "employee benefit program". Therefore, even if the claim did fall within the scope of the Insuring Agreement of the Employee Benefits Liability-Occurrence, which we do not concede, the aforementioned exclusions related to Bodily Injury, Property Damage or Personal and Advertising Injury; Dishonest, Fraudulent, Criminal or Malicious Act; Available Benefits; and Insufficiency of Funds would apply to eliminate coverage.

If you have other insurance available to you, we recommend that you place that carrier on notice of this incident.

Please be advised that this correspondence is not limited to and should not be construed as an exhaustive listing or decision of the policy terms, conditions or exclusions that might limit or preclude coverage for this matter. The Hartford does not waive any right available to it in this matter.

If you have any questions regarding our coverage position, or take exception to it, please advise me immediately of the basis for your disagreement. If there are any additional facts that you feel would alter The Hartford's coverage position please advise as to those facts immediately.

Very truly yours,

Patrick Scherer

Claim Consultant Writing Company: Twin City Fire Insurance Company Direct: 407-871-4727

Toll Free: 888-525-2652 ext 2308080

cc: CHASE CLARKE STEWART & FONTANA INC. 101 STATE STREET, SPRINGFIELD, MA, 01102

EXHIBIT D

Law Offices Of Egan, Flanagan and Cohen, P.C.

67 Market Street P.O. Box 9035 Springfield, Massachusetts 01102-9035

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James F. Egan (1896-1986) Edward T. Collins (1902-1995) Charles S. Cohen (1931-2004)

*Also admitted in CT

"Also admitted in FL

"Also admitted in TX

"Also admitted in NY

October 7, 2020

VIA EMAIL (<u>Patrick,Scherer@thehartford,com</u>) AND CERTIFIED MAIL – RRR #7018-2290-0001-6170-0514

Patrick Scherer, Claim Consultant The Hartford Eastern General Liability P.O. Box 14263 Lexington, KY 40512-4263

RE: Joseph A. Pacella v. Egan, Flanagan and Cohen, P.C., John J. Egan, and Maurice M. Cahillane
Hartford Claim No. Y2K L 00585

Dear Mr. Scherer:

This is in response to your letter of October 6, 2020, which purports to be a denial of coverage for a defense or indemnification under the insured's Commercial General Liability Policy No. 08 SBA AA1751. We, of course, do not accept your conclusions which are not in conformance with Massachusetts law. We assume you will be filing a Declaratory Judgment Action as Massachusetts case law indicates is your obligation. *Sterilite Corp. v. Cont'l. Cas. Co.*, 17 Mass. App. Ct. 316 (1983). If not, we will and intend to file and seek fees and costs if successful.

There is, however, a glaring omission in your analysis. While you acknowledge a "duty to defend" exists in the policy, you utterly fail to go through the separate analysis required under Massachusetts law concerning that separate contractual obligation. As our Courts have held, "[i]t is axiomatic that an insurance company's duty to defend is broader than its duty to indemnify." Boston Symphony Orch., Inc. v. Commercial Union Ins. Co., 406 Mass. 7, 10 (1989). As that case notes, the statutory obligations of G.L. c. 93 and c. 176D may be implicated where outside coverage counsel is not engaged. Our burden concerning your obligation to defend is satisfied by a showing of a mere "possibility of coverage." Billings v. Commerce Ins.

Patrick Scherer, Claim Consultant The Hartford October 7, 2020 Page 2

Co., 458 Mass. 194, 201 (2010). That case describes your obligation is to provide a defense where the underlying allegations are "reasonably susceptible of an interpretation that states or roughly sketches a claim covered by the policy terms." Id. at 200. Your analysis on page 9 of your letter acknowledges such a rough sketch of a claim as a result of your conclusion that an "error" or "omission" in the administration of an employee benefit program is alleged. The arbitration demand's core claims are that EFC failed to hold an immediate meeting to vote on Mr. Pacella's claimed benefit and also omitted applying the correct criteria in its analysis of his benefit. The following cited exclusions, as we all know, are strictly construed against the carrier. This is merely one example of multiple other rough sketches of claims.

The purpose of this letter is to give you the opportunity to explain your position on your apparent rejection of a defense to your insured (EFC). Further to explain why you elected not to proceed under a reservation of rights and the contemporaneous filing of a Declaratory Judgment as recommended by the Courts of the Commonwealth.

All of the above, coupled with the failure to seek outside counsel's coverage advice on this matter, raises the issue of unfair claims practice in the context of first party coverage.

We await your reply.

Very truly yours,

John From

JJE/lap

Cc: Maurice M. Cahillane, Esq.
Timothy J. Ryan, Esq.
Michael G. McDonough, Esq.
Chase Clarke Stewart & Fontana Inc.

0623-200444\402221

EXHIBIT E

Prepare. Protect. Prevail."



Business Insurance **Employee Benefits** Auto Home

November 23, 2020

Egan Flanagan & Cohen, P.C. Attention: John J. Egan 67 Market Street Springfield, MA 01103

VIA E-MAIL: jje@efclaw.com

Re:

Joseph Pacella v. Egan Flanagan & Cohen, P.C., et al.

Hartford Insured:

Egan Flanagan & Cohen, PC

Claimant:

Joseph A. Pacella

Date of Loss:

09/04/20 (as reported)

Hartford Claim No.: Y2K L 00585

Policy:

08 SBA AA1751 ("Policy")

Dear Mr. Egan:

Twin City Fire Insurance Company ("Hartford") writes in response to your October 7, 2020 letter wherein you argue that Hartford has a duty to defend Egan, Flanagan & Cohen, PC ("EFC"), John Egan and Maurice Cahillane with respect to an arbitration petition captioned Joseph A. Pacella v. Egan, Flanagan & Cohen, P.C.; John J. Egan; and Maurice M. Cahillane filed with the American Arbitration Association and dated June 10, 2020 (the "Arbitration"). Hartford disclaimed coverage for the Arbitration in its letter dated October 6, 2020. In your October 7, 2020 letter, you request that Hartford reconsider its disclaimer of coverage. Based on our review of your letter, the Policy and the Complaint in the Arbitration, Hartford must respectfully maintain the position outlined in its letter dated October 6, 2020, which we fully incorporate by reference. This letter supplements Hartford's October 6, 2020 letter.

As indicated in Hartford's October 6, 2020 letter, Hartford issued a Commercial General Liability Policy to EFC under policy number 08 SBA AA1751 with effective dates of October 17, 2019 through October 17, 2020. The Policy provides limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence with an aggregate limit of \$2,000,000. The Policy also provides Employee Benefits Liability limits of \$1,000,000 for each claim with an aggregate limit of \$2,000,000. The pertinent policy forms are the Business Liability Coverage Form (SS 00 08 04 05); the Business Liability Coverage Form Amendatory Endorsement (SS 00 60 09 15); and the Employee Benefits Liability-Occurrence (SS 40 50 10 08).

In your letter, you contend that there is a "glaring omission" in Hartford's October 6, 2020 letter because Hartford failed to undertake the "separate analysis required under Massachusetts law concerning the separate contractual obligation" of an insurer's duty to defend, rather than indemnify. Hartford disagrees with your contention. In disclaiming coverage, Hartford has analyzed the allegations in the Arbitration, as well as any facts known to Hartford which may aid in interpreting the allegations in the Arbitration, and compared those allegations and facts to the Policy. See House of Clean Inc. v. St. Paul Fire & Marine Ins. Co., 705 F. Supp. 2d 102, 109 (D. Mass. 2010) ("Known or knowable extrinsic facts, such as those set forth in demand letters, therefore, serve to aid the interpretation of the underlying pleadings and can add substance and meaning to otherwise skeletal third-party claims. Extrinsic evidence cannot, however, provide independent grounds for a duty to defend."). Although the duty to defend is indeed broader than the duty to indemnify, there is no duty to defend where the allegations in the underlying complaint "lie expressly outside the policy coverage and its purpose" Nguyen v. Arbella Insurance Group, 91 Mass. App. Ct. 565, 568 (2017). Furthermore, "[a]n insured bears the initial burden of proving that the claimed loss falls within the coverage of the insurance policy." Central Mut. Ins. Co. v. True Plastics, Inc., 84 Mass. App. Ct. 17, 22 (2013).

Hartford maintains its position that there is no coverage for the Arbitration under the Business Liability Coverage Form, form SS 00 08 04 05, because there is no allegation of "bodily injury", "property damage" or "personal and advertising injury" in the Arbitration. The Arbitration also does not allege an "occurrence" as defined by the Policy. Lastly, even if there were allegations of "bodily injury" or "property damage" caused by an "occurrence" or an enumerated "personal and advertising injury" offense, several exclusions would apply to preclude coverage as stated in Hartford's October 6, 2020 letter. You do not appear to contest Hartford's denial of coverage under the Business Liability Coverage Form. If this is incorrect, please let me know at your earliest convenience.

Moreover, Hartford maintains its position that there is no coverage for the Arbitration under the Employee Benefits Liability – Occurrence coverage form, form SS 40 50 10 08 (the "EBL Form"). The EBL Form indicates, in relevant part: "We will pay those sums that the insured becomes legally obligated to pay as damages because of 'employee benefits injury' committed by the insured, or of any other person for whose acts the insured is legally liable, to which this insurance applies." "Employee benefits injury" is defined as "injury that arises out of any negligent act, negligent error or negligent omission in the 'administration' of your 'employee benefits program'". As previously indicated, there is no allegation in the Arbitration of a negligent act, negligent error or negligent omission in the administration of an "employee benefit program". Thus, coverage under the EBL Form is not triggered.

Furthermore, even if the Arbitration alleged an "employee benefits injury", which it does not, coverage would only exist for the "administration" of an "employee benefit program", which is defined, in part, as "a program providing some or all of the following benefits to 'employees'..." Hartford reserves all rights with respect to whether Mr. Pacella is claiming benefits as an "employee" under the Policy. Indeed, Mr. Pacella claims benefits as a shareholder of EFC. Likewise, Hartford reserves all rights with respect to whether the partnership agreement qualifies as an "employee benefit program" as that term is defined in the Policy. If Mr. Pacella is not claiming benefits as an "employee", or if the partnership agreement is not an "employee benefit program", there would be no coverage for the Arbitration.

Additionally, even if EFC met its burden of proving that the allegations of the Arbitration triggered Hartford's duty to defend in the first instance, which it has not, several exclusions would apply to preclude coverage as stated in Hartford's October 6, 2020 letter.

Lastly, we disagree with your contention that, pursuant to Sterlite Corp. v. Continental Casualty Co., 17 Mass. App. Ct. 316 (1983), an insurer must file a declaratory judgment action whenever it denies coverage. In Sterlite Corp., the court held that, where an insurer has a duty to defend based upon the allegations in the operative complaint, the insurer can relieve itself of that duty if it "demonstrates with conclusive effect . . . that as a matter of fact – as distinguished from the appearances of the complaint and policy – the third party cannot establish a claim" within coverage. Id. at 323. Filing a declaratory judgment action is one mechanism available to an insurer attempting to establish that coverage does not exist. However, Sterlite Corp. does not stand for the proposition that an insurer must file a declaratory judgment whenever it denies coverage. Nevertheless, Hartford reserves all rights available to it, including but not limited to the ability to file a declaratory judgment action regarding this coverage dispute.

For the foregoing reasons Hartford must respectfully maintain its disclaimer of coverage in this matter. Hartford hereby reserves all rights, positions and defenses in this matter. Hartford reserves the right to supplement, modify and amend its position as new facts are learned or allegations made. Hartford does not waive any coverage defenses available to it, either under the Policy or at law, by failing to cite them in this correspondence. If you have information you feel would alter our position, please let me know.

Very truly yours,

Christopher A. Klepps, Esq. Senior Counsel

Cc: Patrick Scherer (patrick.scherer@thehartford.com)
James H. Stewart (jstewart@chaseins.com)